

### **PRODUCT ENQUIRY / DEVELOPMENT FORM**

Page 1 of 2

	TEK		IQUIRY / DEVELOPMENT FORM Page 1 of 2 Doc No. FM-0301.09 - ch@pirtek.com.au OR Fax to (02) 8822 9019	
Centre Contact Person Customer / End User Date			Please attach any photos or dimensional sketches of the products (or application) with this form if appropriate to assist in clarifying request Date response / quote required	
SIZE	Dash Size	Millimetres		
TEMPERATURE °C Temperature of Medium °C Environmental Temp °C				- PH
Comments on Temperate Please add comments on				RODUCT
APPLICATION Be as descriptive as possi	Consider (but not limited to) w machine or apparatus, what th ble to convey what the hose / ite	e product is intend		
MEDIUM CONVEYED If the medium is more co	mplex and no MSDS is attach	ed, please detail	here with as much information as possible	
	If	medium is comp	ex then is MSDS attached? Y / N	-
	pertaining to medium here			
PRESSURE (Bar) Operating Pressure (Bar)				-
Peak Pressure (Bar) VACUUM / SUCTION (Ga	ude)	_		
mm Mercury (mm/hg) Bar				
Comments on Pressure of Please add specific details	or Suction pertaining to pressure or suction	on here		



A



### **PRODUCT ENQUIRY / DEVELOPMENT FORM**

Page 2 of 2

EK				
	to, man took Onistale oom		Fax to (02) 8822 0040	Doc No. FM-0301.09
riease send this completed form	to: group.tecn@pirtek.com.a	au OR	Fax to (02) 0022 9019	
ections				
	Please send this completed form			Please send this completed form to: group.tech@pirtek.com.au OR Fax to (02) 8822 9019   ections

Please add specific details pertaining to ends here

2

DELIVERY Date product is required to the customer

### **Comments on Delivery**

Please add specific details pertaining to delivery here

### **COMMERCIAL AND ORDER DETAILS**

Opening Order Quantity (qty or metres)	
Annual Quantity (qty or metres)	
On going or once-off project	

**Comments on Quantity and Commercial Considerations** 

Please add specific details pertaining to quantity and any commercial considerations here

Please advise what current Product Brands and Part Numbers are being used in the Application (if applicable)

Please indicate how any existing product is performing in the application and in what aspects are improvements sought

Target Pricing if known or if applicable

General Comments pertaining to this enquiry

Please add general details pertaining to this enquiry here



SAE

SPECIFICATION

# **Recommended Practices for Hydraulic Hose Assemblies – SAE J1273 2002-12**

### Foreword

This SAE Recommended Practices is intended as a guide to consider when selecting, routing, fabricating, installing, replacing, maintaining, and storing hose for fluid-power systems. It is subject to change to keep pace with experience and technical advances. For those new to hose use in fluid power systems, this guide outlines practices to note during each phase of system design and use. Experienced designers and users skilled in achieving proper results, as well as the less experienced, can use this outline as a list of considerations to keep in mind.

Fluid-power systems are complex and require extensive knowledge of both the system requirements and the various types of hose. Therefore, all inclusive, detailed, step by step instructions are not practical and are beyond the scope of this document. Less experienced designers and users who need more information can consult specialists such as hose suppliers and manufacturers. This-guide can improve the communication process.

### **Safety Considerations**

These recommended practices involve safety considerations; note these carefully during all phases of design and use of hose systems. Improper selection, fabrication, installation, or maintenance of hose and hose assemblies for fluid power systems may result in serious personal injury or property damage. These recommended practices can reduce the likelihood of component or system failure, thereby reducing the risk of injury or damage.

- Scope SAEJ1273 provides guidelines for selection, routing, fabrication, installation, replacement, maintenance, and storage of hose and hose assemblies for fluid-power systems. Many of these SAE-Recommended Practices also may be suitable for other hoses and systems.
- 2. Reference
  - 2.1 Applicable publications The following publications form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the latest issue of SAE publications shall apply.
  - 2.1.1 SAE publications Available for SAE, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-000 SAEJ343 – Test and Procedures for SAE 100 R Series Hydraulic Hose and Hose Assemblies SAEJ514 – Hydraulic Tube Fittings SAEJ517 – Hydraulic Hose SAEJ1927 – Cumulative Damage Analysis for Hydraulic Hose Assemblies
  - 2.1.2 ISO publications Available from ANSI, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036-8002

 $\mathsf{ISO}\ \mathsf{3457}-\mathsf{Earth}\ \mathsf{moving}\ \mathsf{machinery}-\mathsf{Guards}\ \mathsf{and}\ \mathsf{shields}-\mathsf{definitions}\ \mathsf{and}\ \mathsf{specifications}.$ 

### 3. Definitions

These explanations serve only to clarify this document and are not intended to stand alone. They are presented sequentially, with the former helping to explain the latter.

- 3.1 Fluid-power
  - Energy transmitted and controlled using pressurised hydraulic fluids or compressed air.
- 3.2 Hose flexible conductor. In this document, the term hose also may refer to a hose assembly with
- related accessories used in fluid power applications.3.3 Hose fitting or fitting connector which can be attached to the end of a hose.
- 3.4 Hose assembly hose with hose fittings attached.
- 3.5 Hose failure occurrence in which a hose stops meeting system requirements.
- 3.6 Hose service life length of time a hose meets system requirements without needing replacement.
- 4. Safety considerations listed in 4.1 to 4.7 are some potential conditions and situations that may lead to personal injury and/or property damage. This list is not necessarily all inclusive. Consider reasonable and feasible means, including those described in this section, to reduce the risk of injuries or property damage. Training, including the information in this document, for operators, maintenance personnel, and other individuals working with hoses under pressure is encouraged.
  - 4.1 Fluid injections fine streams of escaping pressurised fluid can penetrate skin and enter a human body. These fluid injections may cause severe tissue damage and loss of limb. Consider various means to reduce the risk of fluid injections, particularly in

areas normally occupied by operators. Consider careful routing, adjacent components, warnings, guards, shields, and training programs.

Relieve pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines. Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

Avoid contact with escaping fluids. Treat all leaks as though pressurised and hot enough to burn skin. Never use any part of your body to check a hose for leaks.

If a fluid-injection accident occurs, see a doctor immediately. DO NOT DELAY OR TREAT AS A SIMPLE CUT! Any fluid injected into skin must be surgically removed within a few hours or gangrene may result. Doctors unfamiliar with this type of injury should consult a knowledgeable medical source.

- 4.2 Whipping hose if a pressurised hose assembly blows apart, the fittings can be thrown off at high speed, and the loose hose can flail or whip with great force. This is particularly true in compressible-fluid systems. When the risk exists, consider guards and restraints to protect against injury.
- 4.3 Burns from conveyed fluids fluid-power media may reach temperatures that can burn human skin. If there is risk of burns from escaping fluid, consider guards and shields to prevent injury, particularly in areas normally occupied by operators.
- 4.4 Fire and explosions from conveyed fluids most fluid-power media, including fire-resistant hydraulic fluids, will burn under certain conditions. Fluids which escape from pressurised systems may form a mist or fine spray which can flash or explode upon contact with an ignition source. Consider selecting, guarding, and routing hose to minimise the risk of combustion (see Section 5 and ISO 3457).
- 4.5 Fire and explosions from static-electric discharge fluid passing through hose can generate static electricity, resulting in static-electric discharge. This may create sparks that can ignite system fluids or gases in the surrounding atmosphere.

When this potential exists, select hose specifically designed to carry the static-electric charge to ground.



SAE

SPECIFICATION

# (R) Test and Test Procedures for SAE 100R Series Hydraulic Hose and Hose Assemblies – SAE J343 July 2001

This document is technically equivalent to ISO 6605 except as noted in the foreword.

Foreword – this document has not changed other than to put it into the new SAE technical standards board format.

SAE J343 has been revised to be technically equivalent to ISO 6605, except that additional tests in paragraphs 4.9 to 4.14 were included.

 Scope – this SAE standard gives methods for testing and evaluation performance of the SAE 100R series of hydraulic hose and hose assemblies (hose and attached end fittings) used in hydraulic fluid power systems.

Specific tests and performance criteria for evaluating hose assemblies used in hydraulic service are in accordance with the requirements for hose in the respective specifications of SAE J517.

This document further establishes a uniform means of testing and evaluating performance of hydraulic hose assemblies.

### 2. Reference

- 2.1 Applicable publications The following publications form a part of the specification to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise indicated the latest revision of SAE publications shall apply.
  - 2.1.1. SAE Publications available from SAE, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001
- SAE J517 Hydraulic hose.
- 2.1.2. ASTM publications available from ASTM, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959.
- ASTM D 380 standard methods of testing rubber hose.
- 2.1.3 ISO publications available from ANSI, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036-8002.
- ISO 3448 industrial liquid lubricants-ISO viscosity classification
- ISO 6605 hydraulic fluid-power hose assemblies method of test.

### 3. Test procedures

The test procedures described in the current issue of ASTM D 380 shall be followed. However, in cases of conflict between the ASTM specifications and those described as follows, the latter shall take precedence. Unless otherwise specified in this document, or other SAE standards, tests shall be conducted at the prevailing ambient temperature of the testing facility.

- 4. Standard test warning water or another liquid suitable for the hose under test shall be used as the test medium. The use of air and other gaseous materials as testing media should be avoided because of the risk to operators. In special cases where such media are required for the tests, strict safety measures are imperative. Furthermore, it is stressed that when a liquid is used as the test medium, it is essential that all air is expelled from the test piece because of the risk of injury to the operator due to the sudden expansion of trapped air released when the hose bursts.
  - 4.1. Dimensions check test The hose shall be inspected for conformity to all dimensions tabulated in the applicable specification.

Determine finished outside diameters and reinforcement diameters, where required, by calculation from measurement of the respective circumference. As an alternative, use a flexible tape graduated to read the diameter directly.

Measure the inside diameter by means of a suitable expanding ball or telescoping gauge.

Measure concentricity over both the reinforcement and the finished outside diameters using either a dial indicator gauge

or a micrometer.

Round the foot of the measuring instrument to conform to the inside diameter of the hose.

Take reading at 90 degree intervals around the hose.

NOTE: Acceptability is based on the total variation between the high and low readings.

Take inside and outside diameter measurements at a minimum of 25mm from the hose ends and concentricity measurements at a minimum of 13 mm from the hose ends.

### 4.2 Proof test

Test the hose assemblies hydrostatically to the specified proof pressure for a period of not less than 30 s nor more than 60 s.

There shall be no indication of failure or leakage.

4.3 Change in length test – Conduct measurements for the determination of elongation or contraction on a previously untested, unaged hose assembly having at least 600 mm length of free hose between hose fittings. Attach the hose assembly to the pressure source in an unrestricted straight position. If the hose is not straight due to its natural curvature, it may be fastened laterally to achieve a straight position. Pressurise to the specified operating pressure for a period of 30 s, then release the pressure. Place accurate reference marks 500 mm apart on the outer cover of the hose, midway between fittings, after allowing the hose assembly to restabilise for a period of 30 s, following pressure release. Repressurise the hose assembly to the specified operating pressure for a

Repressurise the hose assembly to the specified operating pressure for a periods of 30 s.

Measure the final length while the hose is pressurised. The final length is the distance between reference marks while the hose is-pressurised. Complete the determination of the change in length using Equation 1:

$$\Delta l = \frac{l_1 - l_0}{l_0} \times 100$$
 (Eq.1)

where:

- I is the distance between the reference marks when the hose was not pressurised following the initial pressurisation;
- *l*, is the distance between the reference marks under pressure;
   Δ*l* is the percentage change in length, which will be position (+) in the case of an increase in length and negative (–) in the case of a decrease in length.
- 4.4 Burst test Subject unaged hose assemblies, on which the end fittings have been attached for not more than 30 days, to a hydrostatic pressure, increased at a constant rate so as to attain the specified minimum burst pressure within a period of not less than 15 s more than 60 s. Reject hose assemblies showing leakage, hose burst or indication of failure below the specified minimum burst pressure.

NOTE: This is a destructive test. Assemblies which have been subjected to this test shall be destroyed.

4.5 Cold bend test – subject hose assemblies to the specified temperature in a straight position for 24 h.

Then, while still at the specified temperature, the samples shall be evenly and uniformly bent once over a mandrel having a diameter equal to twice the specified minimum bend radius. Bending shall be accomplished within a period of not less than 8-s nor more than 12 s.

In the case of hose sizes up to and including 22 mm nominal inside diameter, bend them through 180 degrees over the mandrel; in the case of hose sizes larger than 22 mm nominal inside diameter, bend them through 90 degrees over the mandrel.

After bending, allow the sample to warm to room temperature, visually examine it for cover cracks and subject it to the proof test. There shall be no cover cracks or leakage. (In lieu of the bending test, hoses larger than 22 mm nominal inside diameter may be considered acceptable if samples of tube and cover pass the Low Temperature Test on Tube and Cover of ASTM D 380).

Reject any samples with visible cracks of leakage.

NOTE: This is a destructive test. Assemblies which have been subjected to this test shall be destroyed.

4.6 Impulse test – test for unaged hose assemblies with end fittings which have been attached for not more than 30 days. Where the individual standard requires, also test aged hose assemblies.

Apply a pulsating pressure internally to the hose assemblies at a rate between 0.5 and 1.34 Hz; record the frequency used. The pressure cycle shall fall within the shaded areas of Figure 1 of SAE J343 and conform as closely as possible to the curve shown.

Select a test fluid which complies with the requirements of ISO VG 46 $\pm$  4.6 at 40°C per ISO 3448, and circulate it at a rate sufficient to maintain a uniform fluid temperature within the hose assemblies.



SAE

SPECIFICATION

Other fluids may be used as agreed upon between the customer and the manufacturer.

Calculate the free (exposed) length of hose under test, shown on Figure 2, as follows:

a. Hose sizes up to and including 22 mm nominal inside diameter (see Equation 3):

180 degrees bend free length =  $\pi r$ +2d (Eq.3)

b. Hose sizes larger than 22 mm nominal inside diameter (see-Equation 4):

90 degrees bend free length =  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ r+2d (Eq.3)

where:

- r = minimum bend radius
- d = hose outside diameter

Connect the test pieces to the apparatus. The test pieces shall be installed according to Figure 2 of SAE J343. Test pieces of hose of nominal inside diameter up and including 22 mm shall be bent through 180 degrees and hoses of nominal inside diameter larger than 22 mm shall be bent through 90 degrees.

Test the hose at the impulse test pressure indicated in the individual specification. The test fluid shall be circulated through the assemblies at the specified temperature with a tolerance of 3°C. Cooling or heating of the test chamber shall not be permitted, except when individual standards require testing with synthetic base test fluids at a temperature higher than 150°C. When such higher temperatures are required, the impulse test fluid need not be circulated if both the fluid and the assemblies are externally heated in the test chamber, at the specified temperature with a tolerance of 5°C. Determine the duration of the impulse test in total number of cycles by

the individual standard for the hose assemblies. Where aged samples are required, refer to the individual standards.

It is recommended the test fluid be changed frequently to prevent breakdown.

NOTE: This is a destructive test. Assemblies which have been subjected to this test shall be destroyed.

4.7 Leakage test – Subject unaged hose assemblies, on which the end fitting have been attached for not more than 30 days, to a hydrostatic pressure of 70% of the specified minimum burst pressure for a period of between 5.0 to 5.5. min.

Reduce the fluid pressure to O MPa.

Re-apply the 70% of minimum burst hydrostatic pressure for another  $5.0\ \text{to}$  5.5 min period.

Reject assemblies showing leakage or failure.

NOTE: This is a destructive test. Assemblies which have been subjected to this test shall be destroyed.

A mercury or salt water solution electrode shall be provided at the upper end as shown, by inserting a non-meticallic plug with an O-ring seal to distance of 75-mm from the end of the tubing, thus providing an average test length of 255 mm. Mercury or salt water solution shall then be added to a level

25 mm above the plug. Any suitable conductor to this electrode may be used, including a threaded end attached to the plug if so desired. Concentration of salt water, if used, shall be 450 g NaCl per litre of H<sub>0</sub>. 1000 V DC shall be applied between the upper electrode and the lower electrode (adaptor or male fitting hex). The current shall be measured with an instrument with a sensitivity of at least 1  $\mu$ A(1 x 10–6 A).

4.13 Resistance to vacuum test – The hose shall not blister nor show any other indication of failure when subjected to the specified vacuum for a period of 5 min. Where practicable, one end of the hose shall be equipped with a transparent cap and electric light to permit visual examination for failure. Where the length or size of the hose precludes visual examination, failure shall be-determined by inability to pass through the hose a ball or cylinder 6.5 mm less in diameter than the bore or hoses of 12.5-mm nominal inside diameter, a ball or cylinder 3.0 mm smaller in diameter than the bore shall be used.

### Hose and Fitting Compatibility

Pirtek strongly recommend that only Pirtek hose and fittings are used in an assembly. We do not condone the use of other brand hose used with our fittings, or other fittings used with our hose. Any fabrication of a hose assembly outside this is deemed to be the fabricators risk and is not recommended.

The SAE specification for Hydraulic Hose, J517, paragraph 5 reads:

Hose Assemblies—Hose assemblies may be fabricated by the manufacturer, an agent for, or customer of, the manufacturer, or by the user. Fabrication of permanently attached fittings to hydraulic hose requires specialised assembly equipment. Field attachable fittings (screw style and segment clamp style) can usually be assembled without specialised equipment although many manufacturers provide equipment to assist in this operation.

SAE J517 hose from one manufacturer is usually not compatible with SAE J516 fittings supplied by another manufacturer. It is the responsibility of the fabricator to consult the manufacturer's written assembly instructions of the manufacturers directly before intermixing hose and fittings from two manufacturers. Similarly, assembly equipment from one manufacturer is usually not interchangeable with that of another manufacturer. It is the responsibility of the fabricator to consult the manufacturer's written instructions or the manufacturer directly for proper assembly equipment. Always follow the manufacturer's instructions for proper preparation and fabrication of hose assemblies.

# **Selection of Hose**

### System type

The selection and installation of hoses must be in relation to pump pressure, operating cycle, inner diameters of pipes, type of fluid.

### Operating pressure

Hose lines are rated for continuous operation at the maximum operating pressures specified for the hose. Generally, the operating pressure is one fourth the hose minimum burst pressure, thus meeting the SAE recommended safety factor of 4 to 1.

### Pressure surges

Almost all hydraulic systems develop pressure surges which may exceed relief valve settings and affect the service life of hose and system components. In systems where surges are severe, select a hose that will increase the safety factor.

### **Operating temperatures**

Operating temperatures specified refer to maximum temperature of the fluid or gases being conveyed (with peaks up to 120°C. Continuous operation at or near maximum rated temperatures will materially reduce the service life of the hose. Refer to Pirtek for advice on permissible operating temperatures for fluids other than general purpose mineral oils in hydraulic hoses.

### Ambient temperatures

# **Hose Installation Guide**

Particular care must be taken to avoid certain conditions when installing hose assemblies. These conditions might arise from :

- 1. Changes in length
- 2. Proximity of high temperature sources
- 3. Twisting / torsion
- 4. Bends in tight locations
- 5. Rubbing / abrasion
- 6. Improper hose movement
- 7. Longitudinal pull on hose ends (vertical drops or spring tensioned reels)

Some situations can result in violation of the hose technical specifications unless the operating conditions of the hose are fully appreciated.

Take note of the examples given overleaf to avoid problems and premature hose failure.

# A Word About Twist

Only 7° of angular twist in an assembly can reduce the expected hose life by up to 80%. Pay particular attention to factors that induce twist and learn to recognise them in the field. Take note also of the allowable tolerance for orientation of elbow fittings (page A 08) when assembling hoses.



### Bend radius

Recommended minimum bend radii are based on maximum operating pressures with no flexing of the hose.

### Vibration and flexing

Hose lines are designed to withstand maximum vibration and flexing.

### Volumetric expansion

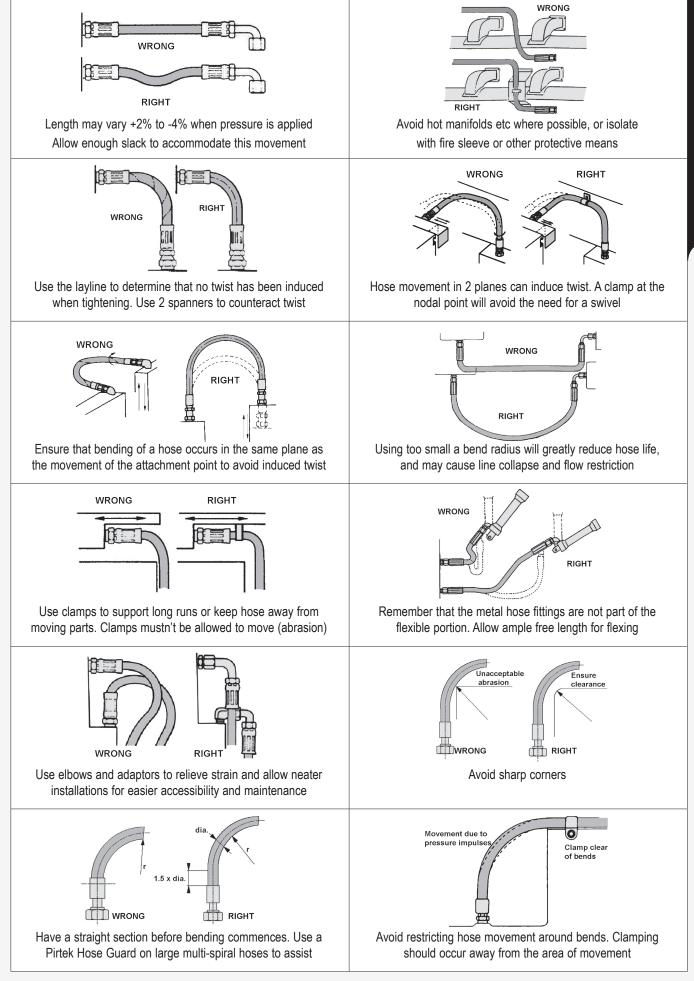
Hose is normally manufactured with a neutral braid angle to reduce volumetric expansion.

### Gaseous fluid systems

High pressure gaseous systems are very hazardous. Hose lines should be adequately protected from external shock and mechanical or chemical damage. They should also be suitably protected to prevent whiplash action in the event of failure for any reasons. It is recommended to increase the safety factor when

dealing with gaseous fluid systems.

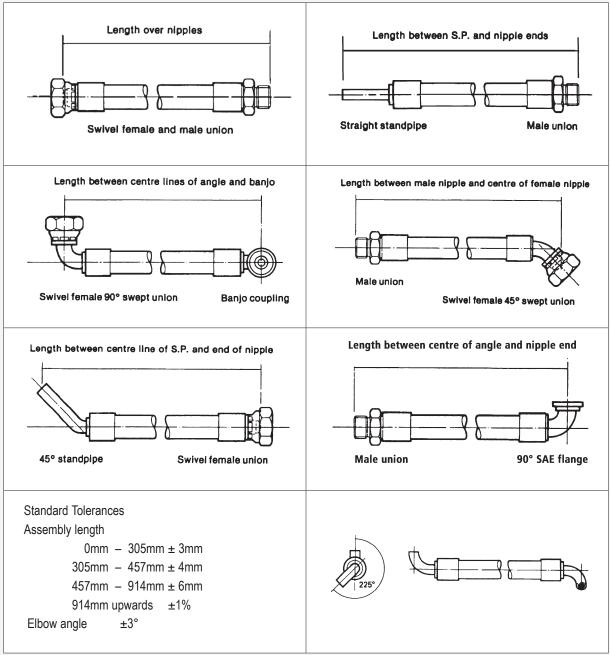






SAE SPECIFICATION

# How to measure Pirtek assemblies



### Angular Relationships

Hold the assembly so that you can look along the length of the hose and with the fitting furthest away from you in the vertical position. Measure the angle between the vertical fitting and the one nearest to you in a clockwise direction. Relationship can then be expressed from  $0^{\circ}$  to  $360^{\circ}$ .

HOSE SIZE TERMINOLO	OSE SIZE TERMINOLOGY (HOSE SIZE REFERS TO THE INSIDE DIAMETER)						
HOSE SIZE	DASH SIZE	MINE TERMINOLOGY	METRIC SIZE	DN SIZE			
1/4"	-04	NO 4	6 MM	DN6			
3/8"	-06	NO 6	10 MM	DN10			
1/2"	-08	NO 8	13 MM	DN13			
5/8"	-10	NO 10	16 MM	DN16			
3/4"	-12	NO 12	20 MM	DN20			
1"	-16	NO 16	25 MM	DN25			
1 1/4"	-20	NO 20	32 MM	DN32			
1 1/2"	-24	NO 24	40 MM	DN40			
2"	-32	NO 32	50 MM	DN50			
2 1/2"	-40	NO 40	63.5 MM	DN63			
3"	-48	NO 48	75 MM	DN75			



### FLOW V SIZE - PRESSURE LINES

SIZE	MAX FLOW UK GALS / MIN	MAX FLOW US GALS / MIN	MAX FLOW LITRES / MIN	VELOCITY METRES / SEC
3/16	0.9	1.1	4.2	3.93
1/4	1.5	1.85	7	3.68
5/16	2.3	2.8	10.6	3.57
3/8	3.3	4	15.1	3.53
1/2	5.4	6.5	24.6	3.24
5/8	8.3	10	37.9	3.19
3/4	12.5	15	56.8	3.32
1	20.8	25	94.6	3.11
1 1/4	30.8	37	140.1	2.95
1 1/2	45.8	55	208.2	3.04
2	73.3	88	333.1	2.74

### FLOW V SIZE - RETURN LINES

SIZE	MAX FLOW UK GALS / MIN	MAX FLOW US GALS / MIN	MAX FLOW LITRES / MIN	VELOCITY METRES / SEC
3/16	0.7	0.8	3.2	2.99
1/4	1.3	1.5	5.7	3.00
5/16	2	2.4	8.9	3.00
3/8	2.8	3.4	12.8	2.99
1/2	5	6	22.8	3.00
5/8	7.8	9.4	35.6	3.00
3/4	11.3	13.6	51.3	3.00
1	20.1	24.2	91.3	3.00
1 1/4	31.4	37.7	142.5	3.00
1 1/2	42.5	54.3	205.2	3.00
2	80.4	96.5	364.8	3.00

### FLOW V SIZE - SUCTION LINES

SIZE	MAX FLOW UK GALS / MIN	MAX FLOW US GALS / MIN	MAX FLOW LITRES / MIN	VELOCITY METRES / SEC
3/16	0.3	0.38	1.4	1.31
1/4	0.5	0.16	2.3	1.21
5/16	0.7	0.9	3.4	1.15
3/8	1.1	1.3	4.9	1.15
1/2	1.8	2.15	8.1	1.07
5/8	2.7	3.2	12.1	1.02
3/4	3.4	4.1	15.5	0.91
1	6.7	8	30.3	1.00
1 1/4	10.5	12.6	47.7	1.00
1 1/2	15	18	68.1	1.00
2	26.2	31.5	119.2	0.98
2 1/2	38.2	45.9	173.8	0.91
3	55	66.1	250.2	0.91
3 1/2	74.9	90	340.7	0.91
4	97.4	117	442.9	0.91

These charts indicate the maximum recommended fluid velocity for the hose sizes in the applications set out. It is always recommended to use a larger size if there is doubt as to the flow, but never a smaller size than indicated.



This page is part of a complete catalogue containing technical and safety data. All data must be reviewed when selecting a product. Pirtek reserve the right to change technical specifications without notice TECHNICAL DATA

# **Hose Pressure Flow Chart**

Pressure drop in psi (pounds per square inch) gpm (gallons per minute) / for 10 feet of hose (smooth bore) without fittings.

Fluid specification:

Specific gravity = .85; Viscosity = v = 20 centistokes (C.S.), (20 C.S.= 97 S.S.U.); Ref; MIL-H 5606, 70°F. (+21°C).

Hose ID (inches)	3/16	1/4	5/16	3/8	13/32	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	11/8	11/4	13/8	11/2	113/16	2
.25	10	3.1														
.50	19	6	2.7													
1	40	12	5.5	2.4												
2	95	24	10	4.8	3.5											
3	185	46	17	7	5	2.2										
4		78	29	12	8	3	1.2									
5		120	44	18	12	4.5	1.6	.72								
8			95	39	26	10	3.6	1.4	.60							
10				59	40	15	5.7	2	1	.55						
12				80	52	20	7.2	2.6	1.5	.75	.43					
15					75	30	10	4.2	2.2	1.2	.67	.38				
18					107	40	15	6.3	3	1.5	.70	.55	.35			
20						49	19	8	3.4	2	1.1	.65	.43	.27		
25						72	26	11	5.5	3	1.6	1	.64	.40	.17	
30							34	14	7	3.6	2.2	1.3	.80	.52	.22	.14
35							47	19	9.5	5	2.8	1.7	1.1	.70	.27	.18
40								25	12	6.5	3.4	2.2	1.4	.90	.38	.24
50								36	17	9	5.3	3.3	2	1.3	.54	.3
60								50	23	12	7.5	4.4	2.8	1.8	.75	.45
70									31	17	9.3	6	3.8	2.4	1	.65
80									38	21	12	7.1	4.6	3	1.2	.76
90									49	27	15	9	5.9	3.8	1.5	1
100										33	19	12	7	4.7	1.9	1.3
150										60	36	22	13	8.5	3.4	2.2
200												36	23	15	6	3.9
250												54	33	22	8.5	5.3
300													45	29	12	7.
400														51	21	14
500															32	20
800																
1000																



**TECHNICAL DATA** 

U.S. Gallons per minute



Quantity	Metric Units	U.S. Customary Units	From Metric to U.S Units	From U.S.to Metric Units
Area	Square centimetres (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Square inches (ins <sup>2</sup> )	cm2 x 0.155 = ins <sup>2</sup>	ins <sup>2</sup> x 6.452 = cm <sup>2</sup>
Length	Metres (mt)	Feet (ft)	mt x 3.2081	ft x 0.305 = mt
Weight	Kilograms (Kg)	Pounds (lbs)	Kg x 2.2046 = lbs	lbs x 0.4356 = Kg
	Cubic Centimetres (cm <sup>3</sup> )	Cubic Feet (ft³)	cm3 x 0.061 = ft <sup>3</sup>	ft <sup>3</sup> x 16.39 = cm <sup>3</sup>
Volume	Litres (It)	U.S. Gallons (gal)	lt x 0.2541 =U.S. gal	U.S. gal x 3.7 = It
	Litres (It)	U.K. Gallons (gal)	lt x 0.2198 =U.K. gal	U.K. gal x 4.55 = lt
Power	Kilowatts (KW)	Horsepower (HP)	HP x 0.7457 = KW	KW x 1.3410 = HP
Frequency	Hertz (Hz)	Cycles / sec (cps)	Hz = cps	cps = Hz
Load (Torque)	Metre Kilograms Kg.m	Foot Pounds (ft.lbs)	Kg.m x 7.233 = ft.lbs	ft.lbs x 0.1383 = Kg.m
	Bar (bar)	Pounds / square inch (psi)	bar x 14.50 = psi	psi x 0.0689 = bar
Pressure	Kilopascal (kPa)	Pounds / square inch (psi)	kPa x 0.145 = psi	psi x 6.8948 = kPa
	Atmospheres (Atm)	Pounds / square inch (psi)	Atm x 14.70 = psi	psi x 0.068 = Atm
Density	Gram / cubic centimetre (gr / cm <sup>3</sup> )	Pounds / cubic inch (lb / ins³)	gr/cm <sup>3</sup> x 0.03613 = lb/ins <sup>3</sup>	lb/ins <sup>3</sup> x 27.68 = gr/cm <sup>3</sup>
Temperature	Degrees Celsius (°C)	Degrees Fahrenheit (°F)	(C° = F°-32) / 1.8	F° = (C° x 1.8) + 32

# Formulas and Conversion Factors for Fluid-Power Use



# **Inches Conversion to Millimetres**

Inc	hes	Millimetres
Fractions	Decimals	winneures
1/64	0.01563	0.3970
1/32	0.03125	0.7940
3/64	0.04688	1.1910
1/16	0.06250	1.5880
5/64	0.07813	1.9840
3/32	0.09375	2.3810
7/64	0.10938	2.7780
1/8	0.12500	3.1750
9/64	0.14063	3.5720
5/32	0.15625	3.9690
11/64	0.17188	4.3660
3/16	0.18750	4.7630
13/64	0.20313	5.1590
7/32	0.21875	5.5560
15/64	0.23438	5.9530
1/4	0.25000	6.3500
17/64	0.26563	6.7470
9/32	0.28125	7.1440
19/64	0.29688	7.5410
5/16	0.31250	7.9380
21/64	0.32813	8.3340
11/32	0.34375	8.7310

Inc	Millimetres	
Fractions	actions Decimals	
23/64	0.35938	9.12800
3/8	0.37500	9.52500
25/64	0.39063	9.92200
13/32	0.40625	10.31900
27/64	0.42188	10.71600
7/16	0.43750	11.11300
29/64	0.45313	11.50900
15/32	0.46875	11.90600
31/64	0.48438	12.30300
1/2	0.50000	12.70000
33/64	0.51563	13.09700
17/32	0.53125	13.49400
35/64	0.54688	13.89100
9/16	0.56250	14.28800
37/64	0.57813	14.68400
19/32	0.59375	15.08100
39/64	0.60938	15.47800
5/8	0.62500	15.87500
41/46	0.64063	16.27200
21/32	0.65625	16.66900
43/64	0.67188	17.06600
11/16	0.68750	17.46300

Inc	hes	
Fractions	Decimals	Millimetres
45/64	0.70313	17.85900
23/32	0.71875	18.25600
47/64	0.73438	18.65300
3/4	0.75000	19.05000
49/64	0.76563	19.44700
25/32	0.78125	19.84400
51/64	0.79688	20.24100
13/16	0.81250	20.63800
53/64	0.82813	21.03400
27/32	0.84375	21.43100
55/64	0.85938	21.82800
7/8	0.87500	22.22500
57/64	0.89063	22.62200
29/32	0.90625	23.01900
59/64	0.92188	23.41600
15/16	0.93750	23.81300
61/64	0.95313	24.20900
31/32	0.96875	24.60600
63/64	0.98438	25.00300
1	1.00000	25.40000



12 A

TECHNICAL DATA

# **Pressure Conversion Factors**

BAR TO P.S.I.											
Bar	Kilopascals	Megapascals	Kg / cm <sup>2</sup>	PSI							
1	100	0.1	1.02	14.5							
2	200	0.2	2.04	29.0							
3	300	0.3	3.06	43.5							
4	400	0.4	4.08	58.0							
5	500	0.5	5.10	72.5							
6	600	0.6	6.12	87.0							
7	700	0.7	7.14	101.5							
8	800	0.8	8.16	116.0							
9	900	0.9	9.18	130.5							
10	1,000	1	10.20	145.0							
20	2,000	2	20.40	290.1							
30	3,000	3	30.60	435.1							
40	4,000	4	40.80	580.2							
50	5,000	5	51.00	725.2							
60	6,000	6	61.20	870.2							
70	7,000	7	71.40	1015.3							
80	8,000	8	81.60	1160.3							
90	9,000	9	91.80	1305.4							
100	10,000	10	102.00	1450.4							
200	20,000	20	204.00	2900.8							
300	30,000	30	306.00	4351.2							
400	40,000	40	408.00	5801.6							
500	50,000	50	510.00	7252.0							
600	60,000	60	612.00	8702.4							
700	70,000	70	714.00	10152.8							
800	80,000	80	816.00	11603.2							
900	90,000	90	918.00	13053.6							
1000	100,000	100	1020.00	14504.0							
2000	200,000	200	2040.00	29008.0							
3000	300,000	300	3060.00	43512.0							

[					TECHNICAL DAT,
PSI		P.S.I. TO BAR Megapascals	Kg / cm <sup>2</sup>	BAR	
10	69	0.069	0.7	0.69	
20	138	0.138	1.4	1.38	$\mathbf{P}$
30	207	0.100	2.1	2.07	
40	276	0.276	2.8	2.76	
50	345	0.345	3.5	3.45	
60	414	0.414	4.2	4.14	
70	483	0.483	4.9	4.83	\ ∆ S
80	552	0.552	5.6	5.52	Ē
90	621	0.621	6.3	6.21	S
100	689	0.689	7.0	6.89	Ш Ш
200	1379	1.379	14.1	13.79	$\overline{\mathbf{O}}$
300	2068	2.068	21.1	20.68	SAE SPECIFICATION
400	2758	2.758	28.1	27.58	С С
500	3447	3.447	35.2	34.47	H
600	4137	4.137	42.2	41.37	O
700	4826	4.826	49.2	48.26	Z
800	5516	5.516	56.2	55.16	
900	6205	6.205	63.3	62.05	
1000	6895	6.895	70.3	68.95	
2000	13790	13.790	140.6	137.90	
3000	20684	20.684	210.9	206.84	
4000	27579	27.579	281.2	275.79	
5000	34474	34.474	351.5	344.74	
6000	41369	41.369	421.8	413.69	
7000	48263	48.263	492.1	482.63	
8000	55158	55.158	562.5	551.58	
9000	62053	62.053	632.8	620.53	
10000	68948	68.948	703.1	689.48	
20000	137895	137.895	1406.1	1378.95	_
30000	206843	206.843	2109.2	2068.43	



# Thread Identification

	Page Number	Pag	e Number
Torque and Threaded Connections	15	Japanese Industrial Standard Metric Male (Komatsu)	25
British Standard Pipe Taper Male	16	Japanese Industrial Standard Metric Female (Komatsu)	25
British Standard Pipe Parallel Male	16	Staple Lock Male	26
British Standard Pipe Parallel Female	17	Staple Lock Female	26
British Standard Pipe Taper Female	17	High Pressure Staple Lock Male	27
Joint Industry Council Female Swivel	18	High Pressure Staple Lock Female	27
Joint Industry Council Male	18	Prange SKV	28
Unified National 'O' Ring Male	19	Prange SSKV	29
Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) Male	19	SAE J518 Code 61 Flange	30
SAE Inverted Flare Female	20	SAE J518 Code 62 Flange	30
SAE Inverted Flare Male	20	Caterpillar <sup>®</sup> Flange	30
National Pipe Taper Fuel Male	21	Komatsu◎ Flange	30
National Pipe Straight Mechanical Female	21	'O' Ring Face Seal Male	31
DKL Metric Light Male	22	'O' Ring Face Seal Female	31
DKL Metric Light Female Globe Seal	22	GAZ French Metric Male	32
DKS Metric Heavy Male	23	GAZ French Metric Female	32
DKS Metric Heavy Female (Globe & O ring Seal)	23	Kobelco Metric Male	33
Japanese Industrial Standard BSPP Male	24	Kobelco Metric Female	33
Japanese Industrial Standard BSPP Female	24		



# ORDERING PIRTEK ASSEMBLIES

Should you wish to describe a Pirtek hose assembly in an abbreviated form, please use the following format. A forward slash is used to separate each field. Product Codes for fittings can be found in Catalogue Section C (except Mining Fittings Section U)



C614-1212J



If spiral guard SSG-025 were fitted over the full length, the designation would be:

R1AT-12 / JF1-1712J / C614-1212J / 1200 / SSG-025

If both ends were fitted with the 45° flanged elbow set in alignment, the designation would appear:

### R1AT-12 / C614-1212J / 1200 / 0

Generic Pattern : Hose / End A / End B / Length / Protection / Angle

# **Torque and Threaded Connections**

- BSPT and NPT tapered thread assembly requirements usually dictate a number of wrench flats from hand tight. The hand tight position is described in the British Standard for BSPT as Gauge Length. Table 1 at right summarises the recommended parameters when tightening these fittings. Note that a thread sealing compound is generally used with both these fittings in order to achieve a seal, and so the use of a torque figure for assembly can play no meaningful role.
- Thread Identification Tables commencing on page 16 document the recommended tightening torgues for JIC and UNO type fittings, since correct torque is essential to minimize leaks from them. Too little torgue will preclude proper seat contact, whilst too much can cause O-Ring extrusion (in the case of UNO), splitting of the female JIC seat, damage to the nut, or at the very least damage through cold working of the metal in the contact area. Since thread sealants are not required with these fittings, torque can adopt a more meaningful role in the assembly process. However, in field installation work, suitable torque wrenches are rarely available, and it is usual to fall back to the use of a number of wrench flats from wrench resistance to achieve the desired result. For the case of UNF style fittings, the tabulation at right may assist in achieving the correct torque during assembly if a torque wrench is unavailable during installation. The procedure is:
- 1. Tighten the nut with the fingers until a distinct bottoming out on the seat can be felt.
- 2. Use a marking system (permanent marker or centre punch) to provide reference points on the opposing flats of the nut and connector.
- 3. Tighten the nut with a spanner to rotate it the tabulated number of hex flats, using the reference marks as a guide.

Note: The torque Values shown on the following pages are based on plated carbon steel fittings.

Thread BSPT	Tube Size	Gauge Length Turns of Thread	Max. Turns of Thread incl. Fitting Allowance	Recommended Thread Engagement mm
1/4 - 19	4	41⁄2	7¼	6.1
3/8 - 19	6	4¾	71⁄2	8.6
1/2 - 14	8	41⁄2	7¼	8.6
3/4 - 14	12	5¼	8	11.7
1 - 11	16	41⁄2	7¼	11.7
1¼ - 11	20	5½	8¼	15
1½ - 11	24	5½	8¼	15
2 - 11	32	67/8	10 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	15

Table 1 BSPT Thread Engagement

Recommended Thread Engagement lengths for NPT fittings are the same as for BSPT

Thread UNF	Tube Size	Torque Nm	No. of Hex Flats from Wrench Resistance
7/16-20	4	15-16	2
1/2-20	5	19-21	2
9/16-18	6	24-28	1.1/2
3/4-16	8	49-53	1.1/2
7/8-14	10	77-85	1.1/2
1.1/16-12	12	107-119	1.1/4
1.3/16-12	14	127-140	1.1/4
1.5/16-12	16	147-154	1
1.5/8-12	20	172-181	1
1.7/8-12	24	215-226	1
2.1/2-12	32	332-350	1

Table 2 JIC / UNO Threads

Note: Torque values given are for plated steel components without lubrication



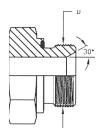
### BRITISH STANDARD PIPE TAPER MALE - (BSPT)

Ē	בייייייייארי	1
		30.

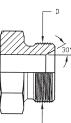
Applicable S Thread Form: A

	Pipe Size	Dash	Nominal Thread	Max Work Press	Max Work Press	Thread OD 'D	)' on Diagram
	Fipe Size	Size	Size & Pitch	(Bar) Adaptors	(Bar) Hose Fittings	mm	in
Thrown 1	1/8"	2	1/8" - 28	690	350	9.73	0.383
30*	1/4"	4	1/4" - 19	650	350	13.16	0.518
	3/8"	6	3/8" - 19	550	275	16.67	0.656
	1/2"	8	1/2" - 14	410	275	20.96	0.825
	5/8" *	10	5/8" - 14	340	210	22.91	0.902
	3/4"	12	3/4" - 14	340	210	26.45	1.041
Standards : AS 1722.1-1975. ISO 7	1"	16	1" - 11	275	210	33.25	1.309
: AS 1722.1-1975, ISU 7	1 1/4"	20	1 1/4" - 11	200	140	41.91	1.650
	1 1/2"	24	1 1/2" - 11	140	140	47.81	1.882
	2"	32	2" - 11	140	140	59.62	2.347

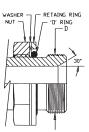
### BRITISH STANDARD PIPE PARALLEL MALE - (BSPP)



**Applicable Standards** Thread Form: AS 1722.2-1992, ISO 228 Seal: DIN 3852 Part 11 Form E



**Applicable Standards** Thread Form: AS 1722.2-1992, ISO 228 Seal: DIN 3852 Part 2 Form B



**Applicable Standards** Thread Form: AS 1722.2-1992, ISO 228 Seal: ISO 1179-3 Form G

Pipe Size Dash	Correct Torque (Nm)			Bar) Adaptors	Max Work Press (Bar) Hose Fittings		d OD 'D' iagram	
-	Size		Size & Pitch	Fixed	Adj.		mm	ins
1/8"	2	20	1/8" - 28	600	350		9.73	0.383
1/4"	4	50	1/4" - 19	600	400	630	13.16	0.518
3/8"	6	80	3/8" - 19	600	400	550	16.67	0.656
1/2"	8	100	1/2" - 14	400	350	430	20.96	0.825
5/8" *	10	120	5/8" - 14	400	275	420	22.91	0.902
3/4"	12	200	3/4" - 14	400	315	420	26.45	1.041
1"	16	380	1" - 11	400	250	420	33.25	1.309
1 1/4"	20	500	1. 1/4" - 11	380	200	350	41.91	1.650
1 1/2"	24	600	1 .1/2" - 11	380	160	350	47.81	1.882
2"	32	750	2" - 11	250	125	350	59.62	2.347

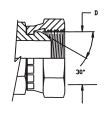
\* 5/8" Size is not subject to Standards

Note: The torque values given are for plated carbon steel components without lubrication.

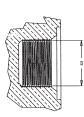


### BRITISH STANDARD PIPE PARALLEL FEMALE - (BSPP)

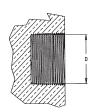
### TAPER FEMALE - (BSPT)



Applicable Standards Thread Form: AS 1722.2-1992, ISO 228



Applicable Standards Thread Form: AS 1722.2-1992, ISO 228 Sealing area: DIN 3852 Part 2 Form X



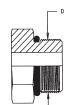
Applicable Standards Thread Form: AS 1722.2-1992, ISO 228

Pino Sizo	Dash Size	(Nm)	Nominal Thread Size & Pitch			Hose Fitting	Thread ID 'D' on Diagram	
-	Size	BSAP		Fixed	Swivel	Bar	mm	ins
1/8"	2	20	1/8" - 28	550	550	350	8.59	0.338
1/4"	4	50	1/4" - 19	550	550	630	11.46	0.451
3/8"	6	80	3/8" - 19	520	520	550	14.96	0.589
1/2"	8	100	1/2" - 14	380	380	430	18.65	0.734
5/8" *	10	120	5/8" - 14	275	275	420	20.6	0.811
3/4"	12	200	3/4" - 14	275	275	350	24.13	0.95
1"	16	380	1" - 11	240	240	350	30.3	1.193
1 1/4"	20	500	1 .1/4" - 11	200	200	250	38.97	1.534
1 1/2"	24	600	1. 1/2" - 11	175	175	210	44.86	1.766
2"	32	750	2" - 11	140	140	210	56.67	2.231

\* 5/8" Size is not subject to Standards

Note: The torque values given are for plated carbon steel components without lubrication.

### UNIFIED NATIONAL O RING - (UNO)





Applicable Standards Thread Form: SAE J1926, ISO 11926-1

Applicable Standards Thread Form: SAE J1926, ISO 11926-1

		,			Adjustable type				
Pipe Size	Dash Sizo	Correct Torque (Nm)	•		ng Pressure ors (Bar)	Hose Fittings	Thread OD 'D' on Diagram		
	Size			Fixed	Adj.	Bar	mm	ins	
5	1/8"	8 - 9	5/16" - 24	420	420	-	7.87	0.31	
6	3/16"	11 - 12	3/8" - 24	420	420	-	9.65	0.38	
7	1/4"	18 - 20	7/16" - 20	310	310	350	11.07	0.44	
8	5/16"	23 - 26	1/2" - 20	310	310	350	12.70	0.50	
9	3/8"	29 - 33	9/16" - 18	310	240	350	14.25	0.56	
12	1/2"	49 - 53	3/4" - 16	310	240	315	19.00	0.75	
14	5/8"	59 - 64	7/8" - 14	240	205	275	22.17	0.87	
17	3/4"	93 - 102	1. 1/16" - 12	240	205	275	26.95	1.06	
21	1"	122 - 134	1. 5/16" - 12	205	170	210	33.30	1.31	
26	1 1/4"	198 - 218	1. 5/8" - 12	170	135	210	41.22	1.62	
30	1 1/2"	209 - 231	1. 7/8" - 12	170	135	170	47.57	1.87	
40	2"	296 - 325	2. 1 /2" - 12	135	100	-	63.45	2.50	

Note: The hex flats from finger tight method is recommended for UN-O fittings.



This page is part of a complete catalogue containing technical and safety data. All data must be reviewed when selecting a product. Pirtek reserve the right to change technical specifications without notice ECHNICAL DATA

### JOINT INDUSTRY COUNCIL - (JIC) - MALE



Dash Nominal Thread Thread OD 'D' on Diagram Nominal Correct Torque Max Working Pressure (Bar) Size Tube Size in Nm Size & Pitch Adaptors in mm 05 1/8" 8-9 5/16" - 24 7.87 .310 -3/16" 11-12 3/8" - 24 .380 06 9.65 -07 1/4" 15-16 7/16" - 20 595 11.07 .436 08 5/16" 19-21 1/2" - 20 12.70 .500 595 9/16" - 18 24-28 09 3/8" 490 14.25 .561 .748 12 1/2" 49-53 3/4" - 16 420 19.00 5/8 14 77-85 7/8" - 14 385 22.17 .873 17 3/4" 107-119 1 1/16" - 12 280 26.95 1.061 30.10 19 7/8" 127-149 1 3/16" - 12 280 1.188 21 1" 147-156 1 5/16" - 12 1.311 245 33.30 26 1 1/4" 172-181 1 5/8" - 12 245 41.22 1.623 30 1 1/2' 215-226 1 7/8" - 12 145 47.57 1.873 40 120 2.498 2" 332-350 2 1/2" - 12 63.45

Note: The hex flats from finger tight method is recommended for 37° and 45° flare fittings. The torque values given are for plated carbon steel components without lubrication. See page 15

### JOINT INDUSTRY COUNCIL - (JIC) - FEMALE

	Dash	Nominal	Correct Torque	Nominal Thread	Max Working Pressure (Bar)	Thread ID 'D	' on Diagram
	Size	Tube Size in	Nm	Size & Pitch	Adaptors	mm	in
	05	1/8"	8-9	5/16" - 24	-	6.85	.270
37.	06	3/16"	11-12	3/8" - 24	-	8.63	.340
	07	1/4"	15-16	7/16" - 20	480	10.00	.394
	08	5/16"	19-21	1/2" - 20	480	11.60	.457
	09	3/8"	24-28	9/16" - 18	345	13.00	.512
	12	1/2"	49-53	3/4" - 16	310	17.60	.693
Applicable Standards	14	5/8"	77-85	7/8" - 14	260	20.50	.807
Thread Form: SAE J514	17	3/4"	107-119	1 1/16" - 12	240	25.00	.985
	19	7/8"	127-140	1 3/16" - 12	230	28.09	1.106
	21	1"	147-154	1 5/16" - 12	225	31.30	1.233
	26	1 1/4"	172-181	1 5/8" - 12	170	39.20	1.544
	30	1 1/2"	215-226	1 7/8" - 12	145	45.60	1.796
	40	2"	332-350	2 1/2" - 12	120	61.50	2.422

Note: The hex flats from finger tight method is recommended for 37° and 45° flare fittings. The torque values given are for plated carbon steel components without lubrication. See page 15

JOINT INDUSTRY COUNCIL- (JIC) - PIRTEK TEST PRESSURES (HOSE FITTINGS)



IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTE: Whilst Pirtek's thread termination pressure ratings exceed those stipulated in the respective Standards, discretion must be used prior to selection for appropriate applications. These test pressures correlate to material S12L12

	Dash	Nominal	Correct Torque	Nominal Thread	Actual Max Work	Min. Burst	No. of Wrench Flats
	Size	Tube Size in	Nm	Size & Pitch	Pressure (Bar)	Press (Bar)	from Wrench Resistance
	05	1/8"	8-9	5/16" - 24	N/A	N/A	
	06	3/16"	11-12	3/8" - 24	N/A	N/A	
	07	1/4"	15-16	7/16" - 20	420 *c	1680	2
	08	5/16"	19-21	1/2" - 20	420 *c	1680	2
	09	3/8"	24-28	9/16" - 18	420 *c	1680	1.1/2
st	12	1/2"	49-53	3/4" - 16	420 *c	1680	1.1/2
•	14	5/8"	77-85	7/8" - 14	420 *c	1680	1.1/2
n	17	3/4"	107-119	1 1/16" - 12	420 *c	1680	1.1/4
	19	7/8"	127-140	1 3/16" - 12	420 *c	1680	1.1/4
t	21	1"	147-154	1 5/16" - 12	420 *w	1680	1
L14	26	1 1/4"	172-181	1 5/8" - 12	350 *w	1400	1
	30	1 1/2"	215-226	1 7/8" - 12	350 *w	1400	1
	40	2"	332-350	2 1/2" - 12	250 *w	1000	1

\*c = Crimped Nut \*w = Wire Nut

Note: The hex flats from finger tight method is recommended for 37° and 45° flare fittings. The torque values given are for plated carbon steel components without lubrication. See page 15



	Dash Size	Nominal Tube Size in	Nominal Thread Size & Pitch	Correct Torque (NM)	Max Working Pressure Hose Fitting (Bar)	Thread OD 'E	)' on Diagram
	5	1/8"	5/16" - 24	8-9	-	6.85	.270
Stranger 1	6	3/16"	3/8" - 24	11-12	-	8.63	.340
	7	1/4"	7/16" - 20	15-16	450	11.60	.394
	8	5/16"	1/2" - 20	19-21	450	11.60	.457
	10	3/8"	5/8" - 18	22-24	450	14.20	.560
	12	1/2"	3/4" - 16	49-53	420	17.60	.693
	14	5/8"	7/8" - 14	77-85	420	20.50	.807
Applicable Standards	17	3/4"	1 .1/16" - 14	107-119	420	25.00	.985
Thread Form: SAE J512	20	7/8"	1. 1 /4" - 12	-	-	-	-
	22	1"	1. 3/8" - 12	-	-	-	-

### SOCIETY OF AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERS - (SAE) - FEMALE

Note: The hex flats from finger tight method is recommended for 37° and 45° flare fittings.

### SOCIETY OF AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERS - (SAE) - MALE

۵ ۵	Dash	Nominal	Nominal Thread	Maximum Worki	ng Pressure (Bar)	Hose Fitting Bar	Thread OD 'E	)' on Diagram
45	Size	Tube Size in	Size & Pitch	Steel	Brass		mm	in
	5	1/8"	5/16" - 24	345	237	-	7.87	0.31
	6	3/16"	3/8" - 24	345	221	-	9.65	0.38
	7	1/4"	7/16" - 20	310	162	410	11.07	0.44
	8	5/16"	1/2" - 20	275	126	350	12.70	0.50
A sulla shin Otan danda	10	3/8"	5/8" - 18	275	102	350	15.85	0.62
Applicable Standards Thread Form: SAE J512	12	1/2"	3/4" - 16	275	74	350	19.00	0.75
	14	5/8"	7/8" - 14	210	48	350	22.17	0.87
	17	3/4"	1 .1/16" - 14	210	-	350	26.95	1.06
	20	7/8"	1. 1 /4" - 12	170	-	-	29.46	1.16
	22	1"	1. 3/8" - 12	170	-	-	35.05	1.38

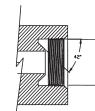
Note: The hex flats from finger tight method is recommended for 37° and 45° flare fittings.



**TECHNICAL DATA** 



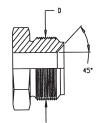
### SOCIETY OF AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERS - (SAE) - INVERTED FLARE FEMALE



Applicable Standards Thread Form: SAE J512

	Dash Size	Nominal Tube Size	Nominal Thread		x Work (bar) Adaptors	Thread ID 'D' on Diagram	
77772		(ins)	Size & Pitch	Steel	Brass	mm	in
	5	1/8"	5/16" - 28	320	237	6.85	0.27
42*   D	6	3/16"	3/8" - 24	340	221	8.63	0.34
	7	1/4"	7/16" - 24	270	162	10.00	0.39
	8	5/16"	1/2"- 20	225	126	11.60	0.46
rds	10	3/8"	5/8" - 18	225	102	14.70	0.58
12	11	7/16"	1. 1/16" - 18	230	74	15.70	0.62
	12	1/2"	3/4" - 18	215	48	17.60	0.69
	14	5/8"	7/8" - 18	215	-	22.10	0.87
	17	3/4"	1 .1/16" - 16	215	-	25.30	1.00

### SOCIETY OF AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERS - (SAE) - INVERTED FLARE MALE



Applicable Standards Thread Form: SAE J512

Adaptor Version



Tube version

Pipe Size	Dash Size	Nominal Thread Size & Pitch		ss (Bar) - SAE J1065 daptors	Hose Fittings	Thread OD 'D' on Diagram		
		-	Fixed	Adj.	Bar	mm	ins	
5	1/8"	5/16" - 28	320	237	-	7.87	0.31	
6	3/16"	3/8" - 24	340	221	-	9.65	0.38	
7	1/4"	7/16" - 24	270	162	210	11.07	0.44	
8	5/16"	1/2"- 20	225	126	210	12.70	0.50	
10	3/8"	5/8" - 18	225	102	210	15.85	0.62	
11	7/16"	11/16" - 18	230	74	-	17.46	0.69	
12	1/2"	3/4" - 18	215	48	160	19.00	0.75	
14	5/8"	7/8" - 18	215	-	-	22.17	0.87	



A

### NATIONAL PIPE TAPER FUEL- (NPTF) MALE

		Deat		Max Work		Thread OD 'D	)' on Diagram
	Pipe Size Size		Nominal Thread Size & Pitch	Press (Bar) Adaptors	Hose Fittings Bar	mm	in
	1/8"	2	1/8" - 27	689	350	10.32	0.406
minn	1/4"	4	1/4" - 18	655	350	13.89	0.546
-dc	3/8"	6	3/8" - 18	552	275	17.06	0.671
	1/2"	8	1/2" - 14	414	275	21.43	0.843
	3/4"	12	3/4" - 14	345	210	26.98	1.062
1	1"	16	1" - 11. 1/2	275	210	33.33	1.312
Applicable Standards	1 1/4"	20	1 1/4" - 11. 1/2	207	150	42.46	1.671
Thread Form: SAE J476	1 1/2"	24	1 1/2" - 11. 1/2	138	140	48.42	1.906
	2"	32	2" - 11. 1/2	138	140	60.32	2.375

### NATIONAL PIPE TAPER FUEL (NPTF) MALE SWIVEL

		Dash		Max Work	Hose Fittings	Thread OD 'D	' on Diagram
	Pipe Size	Size	Nominal Thread Size & Pitch	Press (Bar) Adaptors	Bar	mm	in
	1/8"	2	1/8" - 27	-	210	10.32	0.406
72277722	1/4"	4	1/4" - 18	260	210	13.89	0.546
30°	3/8"	6	3/8" - 18	200	210	17.06	0.671
	1/2"	8	1/2" - 14	170	210	21.43	0.843
Applicable Standards	3/4"	12	3/4" - 14	170	160	26.98	1.062
Thread Form: SAE J476	1"	16	1" - 11. 1/2	-	140	33.33	1.312

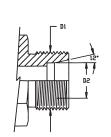
### NATIONAL PIPE STRAIGHT MECHANICAL- (NPSM) FEMALE NATIONAL PIPE TAPER FUEL - (NPTF) FEMALE FIXED

		Dash		Max Work	Hose Fittings	Thread ID 'D	' on Diagram
	Pipe Size	Size	Nominal Thread Size & Pitch	Press (Bar) Adaptors	Bar	mm	in
	1/8"	2	1/8" - 27	414	345	9.12	.359
30.	1/4"	4	1/4" - 18	345	345	11.91	.468
	3/8"	6	3/8" - 18	275	275	15.08	.593
,	1/2"	8	1/2" - 14	275	240	19.05	.750
enderstander)	3/4"	12	3/4" - 14	241	210	24.21	0.953
	1"	16	1" - 11. 1/2	207	170	30.56	1.203
$\square$	1 1/4"	20	1 1/4" - 11. 1/2	138	-	38.89	1.531
Applicable Standards	1 1/2"	24	1 1/2" - 11. 1/2	103	-	45.24	1.781
Thread Form: SAE J476	2"	32	2" - 11. 1/2	103	-	57.15	2.250



This page is part of a complete catalogue containing technical and safety data. All data must be reviewed when selecting a product. Pirtek reserve the right to change technical specifications without notice FECHNICAL DATA

### METRIC MALE 'DKL' LIGHT SERIES



Applicable Standards Thread Form: DIN 2353, DIN 3861, DIN 3901, DIN 3902

	Dash Size	Nominal Tube Size 'D2' mm	Correct Torque Nm	Nominal Thread Size & Pitch	Max Work Press (bar) DIN2401 Pt 1 Adaptors	Hose Fittings Bar	Thread OD 'D1' on Diagram
	-12	6	20	M12 - 1.5	315	350	12
	-14	8	35	M14 - 1.5	315	420	14
	-16	10	40	M16 - 1.5	315	420	16
	-18	12	45	M18 - 1.5	315	420	18
	-22	15	55	M22 - 1.5	160	350	22
	-26	18	110	M26 - 1.5	160	350	26
۱ ا	-30	22	130	M30 - 2.0	160	350	30
	-36	28	200	M36 - 2.0	160	280	36
	-45	35	220	M45 - 2.0	160	210	45
	-52	42	240	M52 - 2.0	160	210	52

### METRIC FEMALE 'DKL' LIGHT SERIES

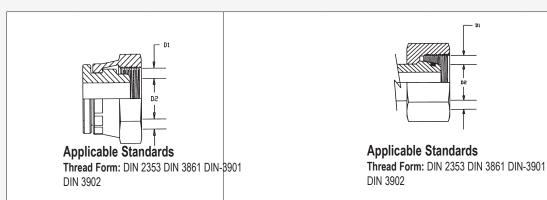
	Dash Size	Nominal Tube Size 'D2' mm	Correct Torque Nm	Nominal Thread Size & Pitch	Max Work Press (bar) DIN2401 Pt 1 Adaptors	Hose Fittings Bar	Thread ID 'D1' on Diagram
	-12	6	20	M12 - 1.5	315	350	10.5
	-14	8	35	M14 - 1.5	315	420	12.5
	-16	10	40	M16 - 1.5	315	420	14.5
Applicable Standards	-18	12	45	M18 - 1.5	315	420	16.5
Thread Form: DIN 2353 DIN 3861 DIN 3901	-22	15	55	M22 - 1.5	160	350	20.5
DIN 3902	-26	18	110	M26 - 1.5	160	350	24.5
	-30	22	130	M30 - 2.0	160	350	28.0
	-36	28	200	M36 - 2.0	160	280	34.0
	-45	35	220	M45 - 2.0	160	210	43.0
	-52	42	240	M52 - 2.0	160	210	50.0



### **METRIC MALE 'DKS' HEAVY SERIES**

	Dash Size	Nominal Tube Size 'D2' mm	Correct Torque Nm	Nominal Thread Size & Pitch	Max Work Press (bar) DIN2401 Pt 1 Adaptors	Hose Fittings Bar	Thread OD 'D1' on Diagram
12	-14	6	40	M14 - 1.5	630	630	14
	-16	8	45	M16 - 1.5	630	630	16
	-18	10	50	M18 - 1.5	630	630	18
	-20	12	60	M20 - 1.5	630	630	20
Applicable Standarda	-22	14	80	M22 - 1.5	630	630	22
Applicable Standards Thread Form: DIN 2353, DIN 3861, DIN-3901,	-24	16	100	M24 - 1.5	400	450	24
DIN 3902	-30	20	160	M30 - 2.0	400	420	30
	-36	25	240	M36 - 2.0	400	420	36
	-42	30	260	M42 - 2.0	400	420	45
	-52	38	350	M52 - 2.0	315	420	52

### **METRIC FEMALE 'DKS' HEAVY SERIES**



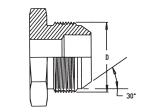
Dash Size	Nominal Tube Size 'D2' mm	Correct Torque Nm	Nominal Thread Size & Pitch	Max Work Press (bar) DIN2401 Pt 1 Adaptors	Hose Fittings Bar	Thread ID 'D1' on Diagram (mm)
-14	6	40	M14 - 1.5	630	630	12.5
-16	8	45	M16 - 1.5	630	630	14.5
-18	10	50	M18 - 1.5	630	630	16.5
-20	12	60	M20 - 1.5	630	630	18.5
-22	14	80	M22 - 1.5	630	630	20.5
-24	16	100	M24 - 1.5	400	450	22.5
-30	20	160	M30 - 2.0	400	420	28.0
-36	25	240	M36 - 2.0	400	420	34.0
-42	30	260	M42 - 2.0	400	420	40.0
-52	38	350	M52 - 2.0	315	420	50.0



DL

FECHNICAL DATA

### JAPANESE INDUSTRIAL STANDARD MALE - BSPP



Applicable Standards Thread Form: JIS BO0202

Dash	No	minal	Nominal Thread	Max Work Press	Thread OD 'D' on Diagram		
Size	Tube Size	Thread	Size & Pitch	(Bar)		on Diagrain	
SIZE	ins	mm	JIZE & FILCH	Adaptors	mm	in	
2	1/8"	3.2	1/8" - 28	350	9.73	0.383	
4	1/4"	6.4	1/4" - 19	350	13.16	0.518	
6	3/8"	10	3/8" - 19	350	16.67	0.656	
8	1/2"	12	1/2" - 14	350	20.96	0.825	
12	3/4"	19	3/4" - 14	275	26.45	1.041	
16	1"	25	1" - 11	210	33.25	1.309	
20	1 1/4"	32	1. 1/4" - 11	170	41.91	1.65	
24	1 1/2"	38	11/2" - 11	105	47.81	1.882	
32	2"	50	2" - 11	105	59.62	2.347	

### JAPANESE INDUSTRIAL STANDARD FEMALE - BSPP



Applicable Sta Thread Form: JIS

4	Dash	No	minal	Nominal Thread	Max Work Press		Thread ID 'D' on Diagram	
	Size	Tube Size	Thread	Size & Pitch	(Bar)	Hose Fittings Bar	Inread ID D	on Diagram
30.	Size	ins	mm	Size & Pitch	Adaptors		mm	in
	2	1/8"	3.2	1/8" - 28	350	-	8.59	0.338
	4	1/4"	6.4	1/4" - 19	350	450	11.46	0.451
	6	3/8"	10	3/8" - 19	350	420	14.96	0.589
	8	1/2"	12	1/2" - 14	350	420	18.65	0.734
tandards	12	3/4"	19	3/4" - 14	275	350	24.13	0.95
S B0202	16	1"	25	1" - 11	210	300	30.3	1.193
	20	1 1/4"	32	1. 1/4" - 11	170	-	38.97	1.534
	24	1 1/2"	38	1. 1/2" - 11	105	-	44.86	1.766
	32	2"	50	2" - 11	105	-	56.67	2.231



24

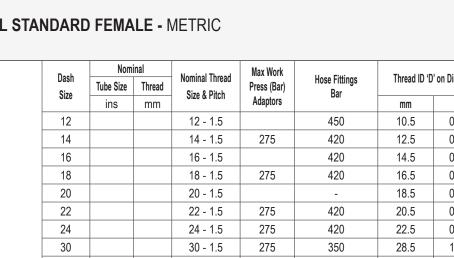
A

### JAPANESE INDUSTRIAL STANDARD MALE - METRIC

	Dash	No	minal	Nominal Thread	Max Work		Thread (	DD 'D' on
	Size	Tube Size	Thread	Size & Pitch	Press (Bar)	Hose Fittings Bar	Diagram	
	Size	ins	mm	Size & Filch	Adaptors		mm	in
	12			12 - 1.5		450	12	0.472
	14			14 - 1.5	275	420	14	0.551
	16			16 - 1.5		420	16	0.629
	18			18 - 1.5	275	420	18	0.708
Applicable Standards	20			20 - 1.5		-	20	0.787
Thread Form: JIS B8363	22			22 - 1.5	275	420	22	0.866
	24			24 - 1.5	275	420	24	0.944
	30			30 - 1.5	275	350	30	1.181
	33			33 - 1.5	275	300	33	1.299
	36			36 - 1.5		250	36	1.417
	42			42 - 1.5		210	42	1.653

### JAPANESE INDUSTRIAL STANDARD FEMALE - METRIC

	Deah	Nom	inal	Newinel Thread	Max Work		Thursd UD (D	Diaman Diaman
30.	Dash Size	Tube Size	Thread	Nominal Thread Size & Pitch	Press (Bar)	Hose Fittings Bar	Unread ID 'D	' on Diagram
	5120	ins	mm	SIZE & FILCH	Adaptors	Dai	mm	in
	12			12 - 1.5		450	10.5	0.413
	14			14 - 1.5	275	420	12.5	0.492
	16			16 - 1.5		420	14.5	0.571
	18			18 - 1.5	275	420	16.5	0.649
Applicable Standards	20			20 - 1.5		-	18.5	0.728
Thread Form: JIS B8363	22			22 - 1.5	275	420	20.5	0.807
	24			24 - 1.5	275	420	22.5	0.886
	30			30 - 1.5	275	350	28.5	1.122
	33			33 - 1.5	275	300	31.5	1.240
	36			36 - 1.5		250	34.5	1.358
	42			42 - 1.5		210	40.5	1.594





TECHNICAL DATA

# **Thread Identification STAPLELOK**

Staplelok has its origins in the German coal mining industry. It is often referred to as 'Stecko', the name given to the product by its inventor, and derived from the German verb 'stecken' meaning 'to pin', along with a truncation of 'O-Ring'.

Staplelok has become the predominant hydraulic hose fitting world wide in underground coal mining.

Sealing and Identification: The male spigot is equipped with an annular O-Ring with Teflon backup ring that together seal against the cylindrical machined wall of the female coupling. Retention is via a horseshoe shaped square section staple that is inserted through holes in the female socket. The holes align with an annular slot in the male fitting.

Advantages: Allows connections to be made in confined spaces and in difficult environments. No torsional load is applied in the fitting, and connection is easy, with no need of spanners. A combination hammer and lever tool is commonly used to facilitate insertion and removal of staples.

Variations: Available in the original form, and a more recent 'Super' form to cope with demands for higher working pressures. The 'Super' form employs the same design characteristics, but uses an extra wide staple (sometimes in the form of 2 standard staples laminated together) to increase the shear strength of the staple. No published Standard exists for the 'Super' form.

### **STAPLELOK MALE & FEMALE**

V		Nom. Tu	ıbe Size	'W' or Ho	le Dia mm	'D' on Diagram mm		Max. Working Pressure (bar)
	Size	in	mm	Male	Fem	Male	Female	(Based on Use of St. Steel 'D' Staples)
	6	1/4"	4	5.1	6	9.9	15.1	500
	10	3/8"	6	5.1	6	13.9	20.1	420
	13	1/2"	8	5.1	6	17.9	24.1	420
	20	3/4"	12	5.1	6	23.9	29.1	350
	25	1"	16	7.1	8.5	30.9	39.1	280
	32	1.1/4"	20	7.1	8.5	37.9	46.1	210
Applicable Standards Thread Form: DIN 20 043 + SAE J1467	40	1.1/2"	24	7.2	9	46.9	55.2	185
Pirtek Adaptors meet or exceed DIN20043, BS6537, and NCB638 requirements	50	2"	32	7.2	9	55.9	64.2	165
	63	2.1/2"	40	7.2	9	60.8	80.9	70
	76	3"	48	39.4	9	85.5	86.1	67

Stainless Steel staples of all types conform to 420S45 (1.4028) (X30Cr13) in BS EN10088-2:2005.



### STAPLELOK SAFETY

- The life expectancy of staples subjected to high pressures and impulses is potentially less than that of the hose and fittings combinations within the same circuit
- Failure of a staple can result in fracture of the staple, or a loss of spring tension leading to dislodgement as a result of system depressurisation followed by re-pressurisation
- FOR THIS REASON, PIRTEK RECOMMENDS THAT STAPLES SHOULD ALWAYS BE REPLACED BY NEW STAPLES WHEN UNDERTAKING EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE OR OVERHAULS



	Size	Nom. Ti	ube Size	'W' or Ho	e Dia mm	'D' on Dia	igram mm	Max. Working Pressure (bar)
	Size	in	mm	Male	Fem	Male	Female	(Based on Use of St. Steel 'D' Staples)
	13	1/2"	8	9.1	9.1	15.9	24.3	520
	20	3/4"	12	9.1	9.1	21.9	29.3	420
	25	1"	16	13.1	13.6	30.9	39.6	420
	32	1.1/4"	20	13.1	13.6	37.9	46.6	420
	40	1.1/2"	24	13.1	13.6	43.9	55.6	420
Applicable Standards	50	2"	32	13.1	13.6	49.9	64.6	420
Not covered by Standard								

### SUPER STAPLELOK MALE & FEMALE

• Stainless Steel staples of all types material is 420S45 (1.4028) (X30Cr13) in BS EN10088-2:2005.



TECHNICAL DATA

# Thread Identification

SSKV and its lower pressure derivative SKV, like Staplelok, have their origins in Germany. Developed specifically for applications requiring secure connections without the need for special tools, and without the drawbacks associated with the older Staplelok technology (bulky profile and easily dislodged or broken staples), it finds many applications both in mining and general industry. The acronym SSKV is derived from the German language meaning 'steckschalenklemmverbindung' or 'plug shell clamp connection'.

Sealing and Identification: Sealing resembles Staplelok in that the male spigot is equipped with an annular O-Ring with Teflon backup ring. These seal against the cylindrical machined wall of the female coupling. Retention is however much more sophisticated than Staplelok. A spring loaded shell not unlike a Victaulic clamp is retained by means of a threaded nut that is hand tightened into position to prevent dislodgement of the shell. An (optional) removeable red coloured clip behind the threaded nut in turn prevents unplanned loosening of the nut. Size identification is best done by way of the male collar OD or female body OD (they are designed to be equal). See dimensions D and E below.

Advantages: Allows connections to be made in confined spaces and in difficult environments. No torsional load is applied in the fitting, and connection is easy, with no need of spanners. The slim external profile of the coupling does not protrude beyond the hose outside diameter in most cases, and overall connection length is short. There exist no projecting components to cause snagging or dislodgement.

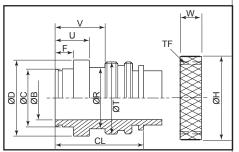
The 2 forms of the fittings are dimensionally different to preclude accidental intermixing between different pressure circuits.

Variations: Available in the both medium and high pressure forms to fill the demands for a wide range of working pressures. The 'SSKV' form has been extensively tested within Australia to SAE J343 for both working pressure and impulse cycles, and has comfortably exceeded 500,000 impulses in all tests (continuing). No Standard exists for either form of the fitting at this point.

Both forms of the fitting are suited to applications where MDG 41 compliance is demanded.

### SKV MALE & FEMALE

ØE ØS	
↓ <u>+</u>	



þ	DN	6	10	13	20	25	32	40	50	63	76	100
Nom. Tube	ins	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1¼"	1½"	2"	21/2"	3"	4"
	Dash	04	06	08	12	16	20	25	32	40	48	64
Pressure (bar)	Max. Working	-	-	-	-	280	210	185	165	70	70	64
Pres (b:	Min. Burst	-	-	-	-	1120	840	740	660	280	280	256
				SKV	Female (H	losetails a	ind Adapto	rs)				
	S	-	14	18	23	27	33	44	56	66	88	105
Ê	E	-	20	22	28	33	39.8	53	65	75	99	118
L m	G	-	14	15.9	19.9	24.9	31.1	38.9	52.9	63.9	84.8	138
Dimensions (mm)	I	-	7	9.8	15	19	24	32	44	55	67	85
nen:	L	-	16	18	17	17	23.6	24.5	24.5	24.5	38	38
Ē	М	-	24	26.5	27	28.5	37	37.5	38	38	54.5	60
	N	-	11.2	13.2	13.2	13.2	18.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	25.2	26
					SKV N	lale (Hose	tails)					
	В	-	7	9.8	15	19	24	32	44	55	67	86
	С	-	14	18	23	27	33	44	56	66	88	105
	D	-	20	22	28	33	39.8	53	65	75	99.3	138
	R	-	14	15.9	19.9	24.9	31.1	38.9	52.9	63.9	84.8	101
1	Т	-	19	20	28	37	43	50	64	75	95	122
	F	-	11	13	13	13	18	15	15	15	25	25
	V	-	24	26.5	27	28.3	35	37.5	38	38	54.5	38
_	Н	-	25	28	36	42	50	62	75	85	110	138
Ê	W	-	14	14.5	15	12.5	14	19	19.5	19.5	28	37.5
L L	TF	-	19	20	28	37	40/43	50	64	75	95	125
sions					5	SKV Male	(Adaptors)					
Dimensions (mm)	В	-	7	9.8	15	19	24	32	44	55	67	86
ā	С	-	14	18	23	27	33	44	56	66	88	105
-	D	-	20	22	28	33	39.8	53	65	75	99.3	118
1	R	-	14	15.9	19.9	24.9	31.1	38.9	52.9	63.9	84.8	101
	Т	-	24	26	32	37	43	60	70	80	107	122
	F	-	11	13	13	13	18	15	15	15	25	25
	V	-	24	26.5	27	28.3	35	37.5	38	38	54.5	61
	Н	-	29	33	36	42	50	70	80	90	125	138
	W	-	15	14.5	15	12.5	14	22	23	25.5	28	37.5
	TF	-	24	26	32	37	40/43	60	70	80	107	125



## **SKV / SSKV ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE**

### Step 1:

Ensure you have the appropriate SKV / SSKV components

The SKV / SSKV connections comprise:



• Female End



### **SSKV MALE & FEMALE**

Step 2:

Lubricate the O-Ring and internal body of the female fitting using Pirtek Protect Lanoline Grease. Insert the male spigot into the female until the shoulders touch as can be seen in the photograph at right.

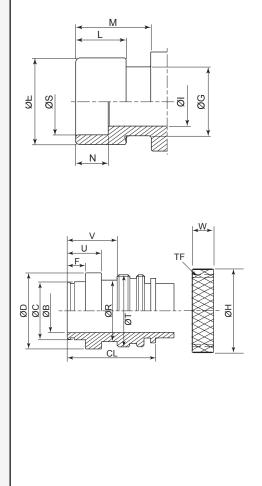
### Step 3:

Fit the spring supported Shell over the mating male and female connection and ensure that it is a snug fit into the grooves, equally ensuring that the two halves of the shell meet and align. Ensure that the split in the Shell is level, parallel and forms a complete closed diameter to ensure that it is properly engaged in the grooves as evident at right. Step 4:

### Lubricate the thread of the retaining nut with Pirtek Protect Lanoline Grease. Turn the retaining nut toward the shell by hand until it meets firmly against the shoulder of the shell. A "C" Spanner may be used, but is not essential. Clip the optional plastic safety clip into position firmly at the rear of the retaining nut ensuring that it is not loose, although some sideways movement is permitted in the housing groove.







-eg	DN	6	10	13	20	25	32	40	50	63
Nom. Tube	ins	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1¼"	11⁄2"	2"	21⁄2"
	Dash	04	06	08	12	16	20	25	32	40
Pressure (bar)	Max. Working	-	420	420	420	420	420	420	420	350
Pres (b)	Min. Burst	-	1680	1680	1680	1680	1680	1680	1400	1400
			SSK\	/ Female (	Hosetails	and Adapt	ors)			
	S	-	14	18	23	28	33	42	54	65
Ê	E	-	20	24	30	36	44	54	70	84
Dimensions (mm)	G	-	14	18	23	28	33	39	56	69
sion	I	-	7	10	15	20	24	30	40	50
men	L	-	16	18	18	21	26	29.5	31	41
Ō	М	-	24	26.5	27	33	39	43.5	46	62.5
	N	-	11	13	13	15	18	20	20	25
				SSKV I	Male (Hose	etails)				
	В	-	7	10	15	20	24	30	40	50
	C	-	14	18	23	28	33	42	54	65
	D	-	20	24	30	36	44	54	70	84
	R	-	14	18	23	28	33	39	56	69
	Т	-	19	23	32	38	43	50/55	66	86
	F	-	11	13	13	15	18	20	20	25
	v	-	25	26.5	27	32	39	43	46	62.5
	н	-	25	30	38	45	52	64	78	98
Ê	W	-	14	13.5	15	13.5	13.5	19	19.5	25
s (m	TF	-	20	23	32	38	43	50/55	66	86
sion				S	SKV Male	(Adaptors	)			
Dimensions (mm)	В	-	7	10	15	20	24	30	40	50
D	C	-	14	18	23	28	33	42	54	65
	D	-	20	24	30	36	44	54	70	84
	R	-	14	18	23	28	33	39	56	69
	Т	-	24	28	34	41	50	60	76	95
	F	-	11	13	13	15	18	20	20	25
	V	-	24	26.5	27	32	39	43	46	62.5
	Н	-	29	34	40	47	64	72	85	110
	W	-	15	13	15	14.5	19	22	23	28
	TF	-	21.5	28	34	41	50	60	70	90



This page is part of a complete catalogue containing technical and safety data. All data must be reviewed when selecting a product. Pirtek reserve the right to change technical specifications without notice

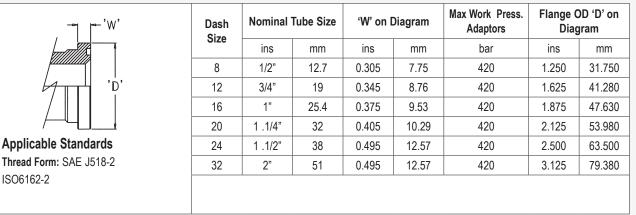
**FECHNICAL DATA** 

### SAE J518 CODE 61 FLANGE

	Dash Size	Nominal	Tube Size	'W' on E	Diagram	Max Work Press. Adaptors	Hose Fittings	-	)D 'D' on jram
	Size	ins	mm	ins	mm	bar	Bar	ins	mm
	8	1/2"	12.7	0.265	6.73	350	350	1.188	30.18
, D,	10 †	5/8"	16	0.265	6.73	350	350	1.340	34
	12	3/4"	19	0.265	6.73	350	350	1.500	38.1
/	16	1"	25.4	0.315	8	320	350	1.750	44.45
Applicable Standards	20	1 .1/4"	32	0.315	8	280	280	2.000	50.8
Thread Form: SAE J518-1	24	1 .1/2"	38	0.315	8	210	210	2.375	60.33
ISO6162-1	32	2"	51	0.375	9.53	210	210	2.812	71.42
	40	2 .1/2"	63.5	0.375	9.53	175	175	3.312	84.12
	48	3"	76	0.375	9.53	160	160	3.999	101.60
	56	3.1/2"	89	0.444	11.3	35	35	4.499	114.30
	64	4"	102	0.444	11.3	35	35	4.999	127.00

† Komatsu produce flanges to the Japanese **JIS** Standard. They comply with Code 61 and Code 62 in all respects except O-Ring groove dimensions. Refer to Pirtek fittings catalogue Section C for details. Never use Imperial O-Rings (**Y** or **OKS**) in Komatsu<sup>®</sup> flanges - only **KY** series. Dash Size 10 is unique to the **JIS** Standard.

### SAE J518 CODE 62 FLANGE



NOTE: Komatsu use flanges that comply with Code 61 and Code 62 in all respects except O-Ring groove dimensions. Refer to Pirtek fittings catalogue Section C for details. They comply to a JIS Standard, and include a Dash 10 size.

### 'SUPERCAT' FLANGE

NOTE: This term applies to flanges with a flange head thickness of 14.2 mm, but conform in all other respects to the dimensions of SAE Code 62 flanges. They are to be found on new generation Caterpillar® equipment.

Pirtek have available a range of fittings that conform to the dimensions of the new fittings. Please refer to Fittings Catalogue Section C for detail. Product Codes follow Code 62 guidelines, but have a suffix 'C' to differentiate them eg C621C

No SAE Standard has been published as yet for the flanges

					Associate	ed Bolt Deta	ils for Flang	e Clamps					
Flang	e Size		Coc	le 61		Code 62 and Supercat							
		UNC Bolt	INC Bolts Grade 8 Metric Bolts Class 10.			UN	C Bolts Grad	de 8	Metric Bolts Class 10.9				
Dash	Size	Size Thread Length		Thread	Length	Thread	Length Code 62 Supercat		Thread	Ler Code 62	ngth Supercat		
08	1/2"	5/16"-18	11⁄4"	M8 x 1.25	25	5/16"-18	11⁄4"	-	M8 x 1.25	30	-		
10 *	5/8"	5/16"-18	1¼"	M8 x 1.25	35	-	-	-	-	-	-		
12	3/4"	3/8"-16	1¼"	M10 x 1.5	30	3/8"-16	11⁄2"	13⁄4"	M10 x 1.5	35	45		
16	1"	3/8"-16	1¼"	M10 x 1.5	30	7/16"-14	1¾"	13⁄4"	M12 x 1.75	45	45		
20	1.1/4"	7/16"-14	1½"	M10 x 1.5	30	<sup>1</sup> ⁄2"-13	13⁄4"	2"	M12 x 1.75*	45	50		
24	1.1/2"	1⁄2"-13	11⁄2"	M12 x 1.75	35	5/8"-11	21/4"	21/2"	M16 x 2	55	60		
32	2"	1⁄2"-13	11⁄2"	M12 x 1.75	35	<sup>3</sup> ⁄4"-10	2¾"	-	M20 x 2.5	70	-		
40	2.1/2"	1⁄2"-13	1¾"	M12 x 1.75	40	-	-	-	-	-	-		
48	3"	5/8"-11	1¾"	M16 x 2	50	-	-	-	-	-	-		
56	3.1/2"	5/8"-11	2"	M16 x 2	50	-	-	-	-	-	-		
64	4"	5/8"-11	2"	M16 x 2	50	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Supercat Flange Clamps (not available from Pirtek) use the same bolt spacings as Code 62 but the bolts are generally longer to accommodate the 14.2 mm flange thickness \*NOTE: designs pre 2012 thread can be M14x2.



30

### **'O' RING FACE SEAL MALE**

	Dash Size	Nominal Tube Size	Nominal Thread	Correct Torque	Max Work Press. (bar)	Hose Fittings		DD 'D' on Iram
		(ins)	Size & Pich	(Nm)	Adaptors	Bar	ins	mm
	4	1/4"	9/16 - 18	15	630	450	0.56	14.22
	6	3/8"	11/16- 16	25	630	450	0.69	17.52
	8	1/2"	13/16 - 16	45	630	420	0.82	20.82
Applicable Standards	10	5/8"	1-14	65	413	420	1.00	25.40
Thread Form: SAE J1453	12	3/4"	1. 3/16 - 12	95	413	420	1.19	30.22
	16	1"	1. 7/16 - 12	130	413	420	1.44	36.57
	20	1 1/4"	1. 11/16 - 12	190	275	350	1.69	42.92
	24	1 1/2"	2 - 12	220	275	300	2.00	50.80
					Max. Press. (Mpa)			
Applicable Standards	14	1/4"	M14 x 1.5		65		-	14
Thread Form: Metric	16	5/_"	M16 x 1.5		53		-	16
Standard: Unknown Chinese Standard A metric threaded design similar to	18	3/8"	M18 x 1.5		53		-	18
ORFS is increasingly being encountered	20*	1/4"*	M20 x 1.5		100*		-	20
on equipment of Chinese origin. The pressure rating is linked to the designed	22	1/2"	M22 x 1.5		38		-	22
working pressure of the hose that it	24*	3/8"	M24 x 1.5		70		-	24
accompanies (Sizes and pressures	27*	5/8", 1/2"*	M27 x 1.5		34, 60*		-	27
marked with * refer to spiral hoses. All others relate to a 3-braid design and	30	3/4"	M30 x 1.5		30		-	30
should be considered the maximum	33*	5/8"*	M33 x 2		55*		-	33
achievable).	36*	3/"*	M36 x 2		46*		-	36
The O-Ring sits in a recessed flat area of the face rather than in a groove as	39	1"	M39 x 2		21		-	39
found in the SAE J1453 version of	45*	1¼", 1"*	M45 x 2		12, 35*		-	45
ORFS.	52*	11⁄2", 11⁄4*	M52 x 2		11, 32*		-	52
	64*	2"*	M64 x 2		9, 25*		-	64
	70*	2"*	M70 x 2		20*		-	70

### 'O' RING FACE SEAL FEMALE

	Dash Size	Nominal Tube Size (ins)	Nomina Thread Size & P
	4	1/4"	9/16 - 1
	6	3/8"	11/16 -
1/	8	1/2"	13/16 -
Applicable Standards	10	5/8"	1 - 14
Thread Form: SAE J1453	12	3/4"	1. 3/16 -
Materials Available: S12L14 (Mild Steel) GB12361-12362 Part II (Drop	16	1"	1. 7/16 -
(inite stool) SE 12001 12002 1 dit in (Biop			

See also Chinese Metric Form documented above

Forged)

Dash Size	Nominal Tube Size	Nominal Thread	Correct Torque	Max Work Press.(bar)	Hose Fittings	Thread iD 'D' on Diagram	
	(ins)	Size & Pich	(Nm)	SAE J1453 Adaptors	Bar	ins	mm
4	1/4"	9/16 - 18	15	420	450	0.51	12.95
6	3/8"	11/16 - 16	25	420	450	0.63	16
8	1/2"	13/16 - 16	45	420	420	0.75	19.05
10	5/8"	1 - 14	65	420	420	0.93	23.62
12	3/4"	1. 3/16 - 12	95	420	420	1.11	28.19
16	1"	1. 7/16 - 12	130	420	420	1.36	34.54
20	1. 1/4"	1. 11/16 - 12	190	280	350	1.61	40.89
24	1. 1/2"	2 - 12	220	280	300	1.92	48.76

TECHNICAL DATA

### GAZ FRENCH METRIC MALE

Dash Size	Nominal Tube	Nominal Thread Size	Thread OD 'D' on Diagram		
	Dasii Size	Size 'D2" mm	& Pitch)	mm	in
	20	13.25	M20 - 1.5	20.0	0.787
	24	16.75	M24 - 1.5	24.0	0.944
	30	21.25	M30 - 1.5	30.0	1.181
	36	26.75	M36 - 1.5	36.0	1.417
	45	33.50	M45 - 1.5	45.0	1.771
	52	42.25	M52 - 1.5	52.0	2.047
	58	48.25	M58 - 2.0	58.0	2.283

### GAZ FRENCH METRIC FEMALE

	Dash Size	Nominal Tube	Nominal Thread Size	Thread ID 'D' on Diagram	
	Dush bize	Size 'D2" mm	& Pitch)	mm	in
	20	13.25	M20 - 1.5	18.5	0.728
	24	16.75	M24 - 1.5	22.5	0.885
	30	21.25	M30 - 1.5	28.5	1.122
	36	26.75	M36 - 1.5	34.5	1.358
	45	33.50	M45 - 1.5	43.5	1.712
	52	42.25	M52 - 1.5	50.5	1.988
	58	48.25	M58 - 2.0	55.0	2.165



32

A

### **KOBELCO METRIC MALE**

	Dash Size	Nominal Tube	Nominal Thread Size	Thread OD 'D' on Diagram	
		Size 'D2" mm	& Pitch	mm	in
	30	22.30	M30 - 1.5	30.0	1.181
	36	28.20	M36 - 1.5	36.0	1.417
	45	35.20	M45 - 1.5	45.0	1.771

### **KOBELCO METRIC FEMALE**

	Dash Size	Nominal Tube	Nominal Thread Size	Thread ID 'D' on Diagram	
		Size 'D2" mm	& Pitch	mm	in
	30	22.3	M30 - 1.5	28.5	1.122
	36	28.2	M36 - 1.5	34.5	1.358
	45	35.2	M45 - 1.5	43.5	1.712





# TECHNICAL DATA THREAD IDENTIFICATION



